

Honors Algebra II  
Proofs – Day 3

Name key  
Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

Prove.

1.  $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta - \cos \theta$

Work on left side.

▣  $\frac{1 - \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta - \cos \theta$

▣  $\frac{1}{\cos \theta} - \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta - \cos \theta$

▣  $\sec \theta - \cos \theta = \sec \theta - \cos \theta$

2.  $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta - \cos \theta$

Work on right side.

▣  $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} - \frac{\cos \theta}{1}$

▣  $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} - \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta}$

▣  $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1 - \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta}$

▣  $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos \theta}$

3.  $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta \cot \theta} = 1$

▣  $\frac{\cos \theta}{\cancel{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\cos \theta}{\cancel{\sin \theta}}} = 1$

▣  $\frac{\cos \theta}{\cos \theta} = 1$

▣  $1 = 1$

4.  $\tan^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta = \tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 1$

▣  $\tan^2 \theta (1 - \cos^2 \theta) = \tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 1$

▣  $\tan^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta = \tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 1$

▣  $\tan^2 \theta - \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} \cdot \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{1} = \tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 1$

▣  $\tan^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta = \tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 1$

▣  $\tan^2 \theta - (1 - \cos^2 \theta) = \tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 1$

▣  $\tan^2 \theta - 1 + \cos^2 \theta = \tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 1$

▣  $\tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 1 = \tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 1$

5.  $\frac{1}{\sec^2 \theta} + \frac{1}{\csc^2 \theta} = 1$

▣  $\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$

▣  $1 = 1$

6.  $(1 - \tan \theta)^2 = \sec^2 \theta - 2 \tan \theta$

▣  $(1 - \tan \theta)(1 - \tan \theta) = \sec^2 \theta - 2 \tan \theta$

▣  $1 - \tan \theta - \tan \theta + \tan^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta - 2 \tan \theta$

▣  $\sec^2 \theta - 2 \tan \theta = \sec^2 \theta - 2 \tan \theta$

Prove.

$$7. \quad \frac{\sec^2 \theta - 1}{\sec^2 \theta} = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\square \quad \frac{\sec^2 \theta}{\sec^2 \theta} - \frac{1}{\sec^2 \theta} = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\square \quad 1 - \cos^2 \theta = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\square \quad \sin^2 \theta = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$8. \quad \cot \theta + \tan \theta = \sec \theta \csc \theta$$

$$\square \quad \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} + \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta \csc \theta$$

$$\square \quad \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} + \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos \theta \sin \theta} = \sec \theta \csc \theta$$

$$\square \quad \frac{\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} = \sec \theta \csc \theta$$

$$\square \quad \frac{1}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} = \sec \theta \csc \theta$$

$$\square \quad \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta \csc \theta$$

$$\square \quad \csc \theta \sec \theta = \sec \theta \csc \theta$$

$$\square \quad \sec \theta \csc \theta = \sec \theta \csc \theta$$

$$9. \quad \frac{\cot^2 \theta}{\csc \theta} = \csc \theta - \sin \theta$$

$$\square \quad \frac{\csc^2 \theta - 1}{\csc \theta} = \csc \theta - \sin \theta$$

$$\square \quad \frac{\csc^2 \theta}{\csc \theta} - \frac{1}{\csc \theta} = \csc \theta - \sin \theta$$

$$\square \quad \csc \theta - \sin \theta = \csc \theta - \sin \theta$$

$$10. \quad \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1$$

$$\square \quad \cos^2 \theta - (1 - \cos^2 \theta) = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1$$

$$\square \quad \cos^2 \theta - 1 + \cos^2 \theta = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1$$

$$\square \quad 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1$$

$$11. \quad \sin^2 \theta - \sin^4 \theta = \cos^2 \theta - \cos^4 \theta$$

$$\square \quad \sin^2 \theta (1 - \sin^2 \theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \cos^4 \theta$$

$$\square \quad \sin^2 \theta (\cos^2 \theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \cos^4 \theta$$

$$\square \quad 1 - \cos^2 \theta (\cos^2 \theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \cos^4 \theta$$

$$\square \quad \cos^2 \theta - \cos^4 \theta = \cos^2 \theta - \cos^4 \theta$$

$$12. \quad \cot \theta + 1 = \csc \theta (\cos \theta + \sin \theta)$$

$$\square \quad \cot \theta + 1 = \csc \theta \cos \theta + \csc \theta \sin \theta$$

$$\square \quad \cot \theta + 1 = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\cos \theta}{1} + \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta}{1}$$

$$\square \quad \cot \theta + 1 = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} + \frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\square \quad \cot \theta + 1 = \cot \theta + 1$$