

Perform the indicated operation.

1.)  $\frac{m-3n}{6m^3n} - \frac{m+3n}{6m^3n}$

$\frac{M-3N - (M+3N)}{6M^3N}$

$\frac{-6N}{6M^3N}$

$\frac{-1}{M^3}$

2.)  $\frac{4}{4} \cdot \frac{6}{x-1} - \frac{5x}{4} \cdot \frac{(x-1)}{(x-1)}$

$\frac{24}{4(x-1)} - \frac{5x(x-1)}{4(x-1)}$

$\frac{-5x^2 + 5x + 24}{4(x-1)}$

$\frac{24 - 5x^2 + 5x}{4(x-1)}$

3.)  $\frac{(x-4)}{(x-8)} \cdot \frac{3}{x+7} + \frac{4}{x-8} \cdot \frac{(x+7)}{(x+7)}$

$\frac{3x-24}{(x-8)(x+7)} + \frac{4x+28}{(x+7)(x-8)}$

$\frac{7x+4}{(x-8)(x+7)}$

4.)  $\frac{3}{4v^2+4v} - \frac{7}{2} \cdot \frac{2v(v+1)}{2v(v+1)}$

$\frac{3}{4v(v+1)} - \frac{14v^2+14v}{4v(v+1)}$

$\frac{-14v^2 - 14v + 3}{4v(v+1)}$

5.)  $\frac{2(n+3)}{2(n+3)} \cdot \frac{5}{n+5} + \frac{4n}{2n+6} \cdot \frac{(n+5)}{(n+5)}$

$\frac{10(n+3)}{2(n+3)(n+5)} + \frac{4n(n+5)}{2(n+3)(n+5)}$

$\frac{2n^2 + 15n + 15}{(n+3)(n+5)}$

$\frac{10n+30}{2(n+3)(n+5)} + \frac{4n^2+20n}{2(n+3)(n+5)}$

$\frac{4n^2+30n+30}{2(n+3)(n+5)} \rightarrow \frac{2(2n^2+15n+15)}{2(n+3)(n+5)}$

6.)  $\frac{x^2-2x+3}{x^2+7x+12} - \frac{x^2-4x-5}{x^2+7x+12}$

$\frac{2x+8}{x^2+7x+12}$

$\frac{2(x+4)}{(x+3)(x+4)}$

$\frac{2}{(x+3)}$

7.)  $\frac{(x+2)}{(x+2)} \cdot \frac{7}{3x^2-6x} + \frac{x^2}{x^2-4x+4} \cdot \frac{3x}{3x}$

$\frac{7x+14}{3x(x-2)(x+2)} + \frac{3x^3}{3x(x-2)(x+2)}$

$\frac{3x^3+7x+14}{3x(x-2)(x+2)}$

8.)  $\frac{(k-2)}{(k-2)} \cdot \frac{k-4}{k^2+5k+6} + \frac{k-1}{k^2-4} \cdot \frac{(k+3)}{(k+3)}$

$\frac{k^2-6k+8}{(k+3)(k+2)(k-2)} + \frac{k^2+2k-3}{(k+3)(k-2)(k+2)}$

$\frac{2k^2-4k+5}{(k+3)(k+2)(k-2)}$

$$9. \frac{(x+3) \frac{x+2}{x-7} - \frac{x^2+4x+13}{x^2-4x-21}}{(x-7)(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{x^2+5x+6}{(x-7)(x+3)} - \frac{(x^2+4x+13)}{(x-7)(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{x-7}{(x-7)(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{1}{x+3}$$

$$11. \frac{(t+4) \frac{3t-2}{t^2+2t-24} - \frac{t-3}{t^2-16} (t+6)}{(t+6)(t-4)(t+4)}$$

$$\frac{3t^2+10t-8}{(t+6)(t-4)(t+4)} - \frac{(t^2+3t-18)}{(t+6)(t-4)(t+4)}$$

$$\frac{2t^2+7t+10}{(t+6)(t-4)(t+4)}$$

$$10. \frac{(M+1) \frac{m+5}{m^2+3m-4} + \frac{m+2}{m^2-1} (M+4)}{(M+1)(M-1)(M+4)}$$

$$\frac{M^2+6M+5}{(M+1)(M-1)(M+4)} + \frac{M^2+6M+8}{(M+1)(M-1)(M+4)}$$

$$\frac{2M^2+12M+13}{(M+1)(M-1)(M+4)}$$

$$12. \frac{(x+3)(x-3) \left( 2 + \frac{x}{x-3} - \frac{3}{x^2-9} \right)}{(x+3)(x-3)}$$

$$\frac{2x^2-18}{(x+3)(x-3)} + \frac{x^2+3x}{(x+3)(x-3)} - \frac{3}{(x+3)(x-3)}$$

$$\frac{3x^2+3x-21}{(x+3)(x-3)}$$

13.) Building catapults in math classes this year really inspired Brad and Angelina to build a super-duper awesome catapult at home. Brangelina decide to be creative with their awe-inspiring catapult and climb to the highest point in Algonquin, the Algonquin water tower. From there, Brangelina decided to launch frogs at a velocity of 32 feet per second into the lake below. Brad who is really smart at figuring out parabolic calculations models the height of the frog to be the equation  $f(x) = -16x^2 + 32x + 144$ , where  $x$  represent the time in seconds and  $f(x)$  is the height of the frog given in feet.

A.) What is the initial height of Brangelina's launch point?

$$f(0) = -16(0)^2 + 32(0) + 144 = 144$$

$$144 \text{ FT}$$

B.) When will the frog reach its maximum height and what is the maximum height?

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-32}{2(-16)} = \frac{-32}{-32} = 1 \text{ SECONDS}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(1) &= -16(1)^2 + 32(1) + 144 \\ &= -16 + 32 + 144 \\ &= 160 \text{ FT} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

C.) When will the frog land safely in the lake?

$$0 = -16x^2 + 32x + 144$$

$$0 = -16(x^2 - 2x - 9)$$

$$0 = x^2 - 2x - 9$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = 9 + 1$$

$$(x-1)^2 = 10$$

$$x-1 = \pm \sqrt{10}$$

$$x = 1 \pm \sqrt{10}$$

$$x = 4.16 \text{ SEC}$$

$$x = -2.16$$

D.) When will the frog reach a height of 80 feet?

$$80 = -16x^2 + 32x + 144$$

$$16x^2 - 32x - 64 = 0$$

$$16(x^2 - 2x - 4) = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = 4 + 1$$

$$(x-1)^2 = 5$$

$$x-1 = \pm \sqrt{5}$$

$$x = 1 \pm \sqrt{5}$$

$$x = 3.24 \text{ SEC}$$

$$x = -1.24$$