

Algebra 2  
Unit 7A Logarithm Test Review

Name KEY

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Per: \_\_\_\_\_

Change each of the following from exponential to logarithmic form or vice versa.

1.  $\log_4\left(\frac{1}{16}\right) = -2$

$$4^{-2} = \frac{1}{16}$$

2.  $8^2 = 64$

$$\log_8 64 = 2$$

3.  $\log 100 = 2$

$$10^2 = 100$$

4.  $4^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$

$$\log_4 \frac{1}{4} = -1$$

5.  $\log_2 32 = 5$

$$2^5 = 32$$

6.  $3^4 = 81$

$$\log_3 81 = 4$$

Solve each of the following equations. Round all solutions to 4 decimal places. Don't forget to check for extraneous solutions when necessary!!!

7.  $9^{3x-7} = 9^{5x+3}$

$$3x - 7 = 5x + 3$$

$$-7 = 2x + 3$$

$$-10 = 2x$$

$$-5 = x$$

8.  $2^{9x} = 16^{3x-8}$

$$2^{9x} = 2^{4(3x-8)}$$

$$9x = 4(3x-8)$$

$$9x = 12x - 32$$

$$-3x = -32$$

$$x = \frac{32}{3} = 10.67$$

9.  $2^{3x-1} = 100$

$$\log_2 100 = 3x - 1$$

$$(\log_2 100) + 1 = 3x$$

$$x = \frac{(\log_2 100) + 1}{3}$$

$$x = 2.5480$$

10.  $\log_4(2x) = 5$

$$4^5 = 2x$$

$$1024 = 2x$$

$$x = 512$$

$$11. \quad 7^{2x} = 49^{3x+4}$$

$$7^{2x} = 7^{2(3x+4)}$$

$$2x = 2(3x+4)$$

$$2x = 6x + 8$$

$$-4x = 8$$

$$x = -2$$

$$12. \quad \ln(x+2) = 12$$

$$e^{12} = x+2$$

$$x = e^{12} - 2$$

$$x = 162752.7914$$

$$13. \quad e^{x+3} - 5 = 9$$

$$e^{x+3} = 14$$

$$\ln 14 = x+3$$

$$x = (\ln 14) - 3$$

$$x = -0.3609$$

$$14. \quad 2 \log 7 + \log x = 2$$

$$\log 7^2 + \log x = 2$$

$$\log 49 + \log x = 2$$

$$\log 49x = 2$$

$$10^2 = 49x$$

$$100 = 49x$$

$$x = \frac{100}{49} = 2.0408$$

$$15. \quad \log_3(x^2 - 21) = \log_3(-4x)$$

$$x^2 - 21 = -4x$$

$$x^2 + 4x - 21 = 0$$

$$(x+7)(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = -7 \quad x = 3$$

EXTRANEUS

$$16. \quad \log_3(6x-2) - \log_3 5 = 4$$

$$\log_3 \left( \frac{6x-2}{5} \right) = 4$$

$$3^4 = \frac{6x-2}{5}$$

$$\dots = \frac{6x-2}{5}$$

$$405 = 6x-2$$

$$407 = 6x$$

$$18. \quad e^{2x+4} = 7$$

$$x = \frac{407}{6} = 67.8333$$

$$\ln 7 = 2x+4$$

$$(\ln 7) - 4 = 2x$$

$$x = \frac{(\ln 7) - 4}{2}$$

$$x = -1.0270$$

$$17. \quad \log_2 \sqrt{x-2} = 3$$

$$2^3 = \sqrt{x-2}$$

$$(8)^2 = (\sqrt{x-2})^2$$

$$64 = x-2$$

$$66 = x$$

Find the inverse for the following functions.

19.  $f(x) = 2(x-3)^3 + 5$

$$y = 2(x-3)^3 + 5$$

$$x = 2(y-3)^3 + 5$$

$$x-5 = 2(y-3)^3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{x-5}{2}} = y-3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{x-5}{2}} + 3 = y$$

$$y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x-5}{2}} + 3$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x-5}{2}} + 3$$

20.  $f(x) = (x+2)^5 - 8$

$$y = (x+2)^5 - 8$$

$$x = (y+2)^5 - 8$$

$$\sqrt[5]{x+8} = \sqrt[5]{(y+2)^5}$$

$$\sqrt[5]{x+8} = y+2$$

$$y = \sqrt[5]{x+8} - 2$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[5]{x+8} - 2$$

21.  $f(x) = 7(x-1)^3 - 2$

$$y = 7(x-1)^3 - 2$$

$$x = 7(y-1)^3 - 2$$

$$x+2 = 7(y-1)^3$$

$$\frac{x+2}{7} = (y-1)^3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{x+2}{7}} = y-1$$

$$y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x+2}{7}} + 1$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x+2}{7}} + 1$$

22.  $f(x) = 2\sqrt{x-5} + 4$

$$y = 2\sqrt{x-5} + 4$$

$$x = 2\sqrt{y-5} + 4$$

$$x-4 = 2\sqrt{y-5}$$

$$\left(\frac{x-4}{2}\right)^2 = (\sqrt{y-5})^2$$

$$\left(\frac{x-4}{2}\right)^2 = y-5$$

$$y = \left(\frac{x-4}{2}\right)^2 + 5$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \left(\frac{x-4}{2}\right)^2 + 5$$

23. Error Analysis. A math test contained the equation:  $27 = 3^{5x-3}$

A student used the equation  $3^4 = 3^{5x-3}$  to find his answer.

What error did he make?  $3^4 = 81$  NOT  $27$ ; SHOULD HAVE REWROTE IT  
AS  $3^3 = 27$

Find the correct answer. Show your work.

$$3^3 = 3^{5x-3}$$

$$3 = 5x-3$$

$$6 = 5x$$

$$x = \frac{6}{5} = 1.2$$